

Figure C-2. Female Pubertal Assay Percent of Controls for DE-71 versus Endpoints By Laboratory at the Low (30 mg/kg/day) and High (60 mg/kg/day) Dose Levels (Significant Differences from Vehicle Controls at the 0.05 Level are Marked by “*”).

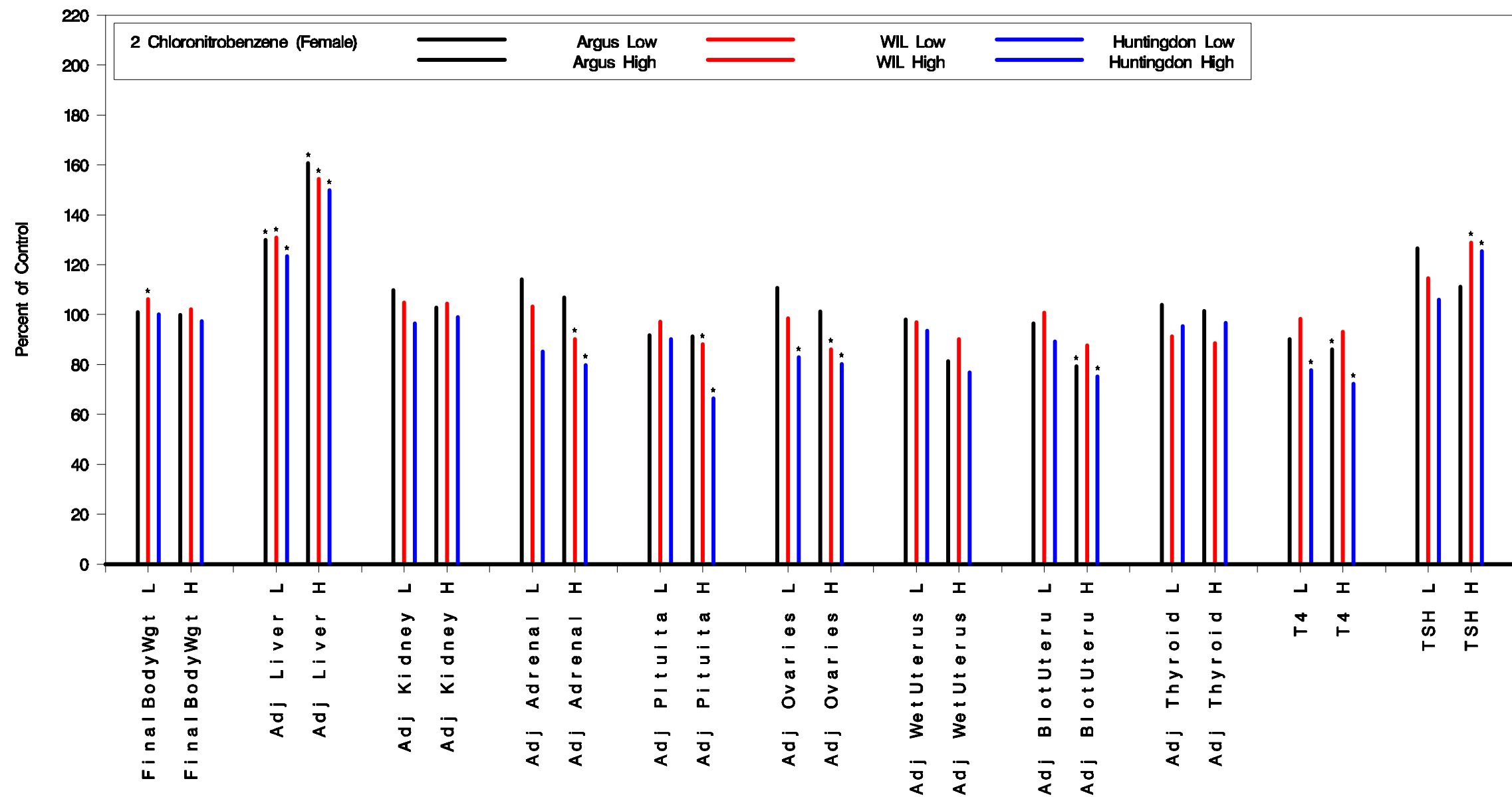


Figure C-3. Female Pubertal Assay Percent of Controls for 2-Chloronitrobenzene versus Endpoints By Laboratory at the Low (25 mg/kg/day) and High (100 mg/kg/day) Dose Levels (Significant Differences from Vehicle Controls at the 0.05 Level are Marked by “*”).

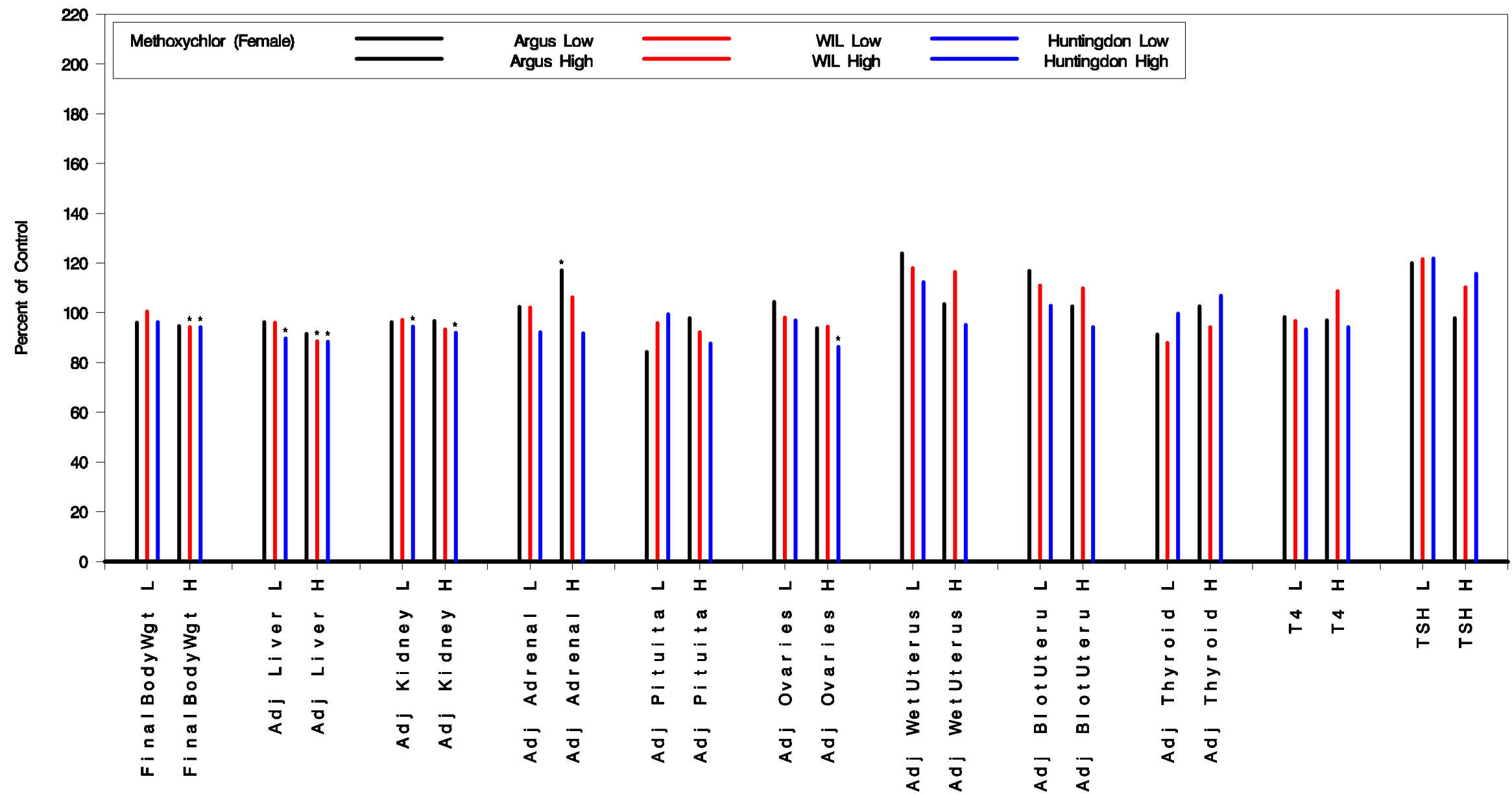


Figure C-4. Female Pubertal Assay Percent of Controls for Methoxychlor versus Endpoints By Laboratory at the Low (12.5 mg/kg/day) and High (50 mg/kg/day) Dose Levels (Significant Differences from Vehicle Controls at the 0.05 Level are Marked by “*”).

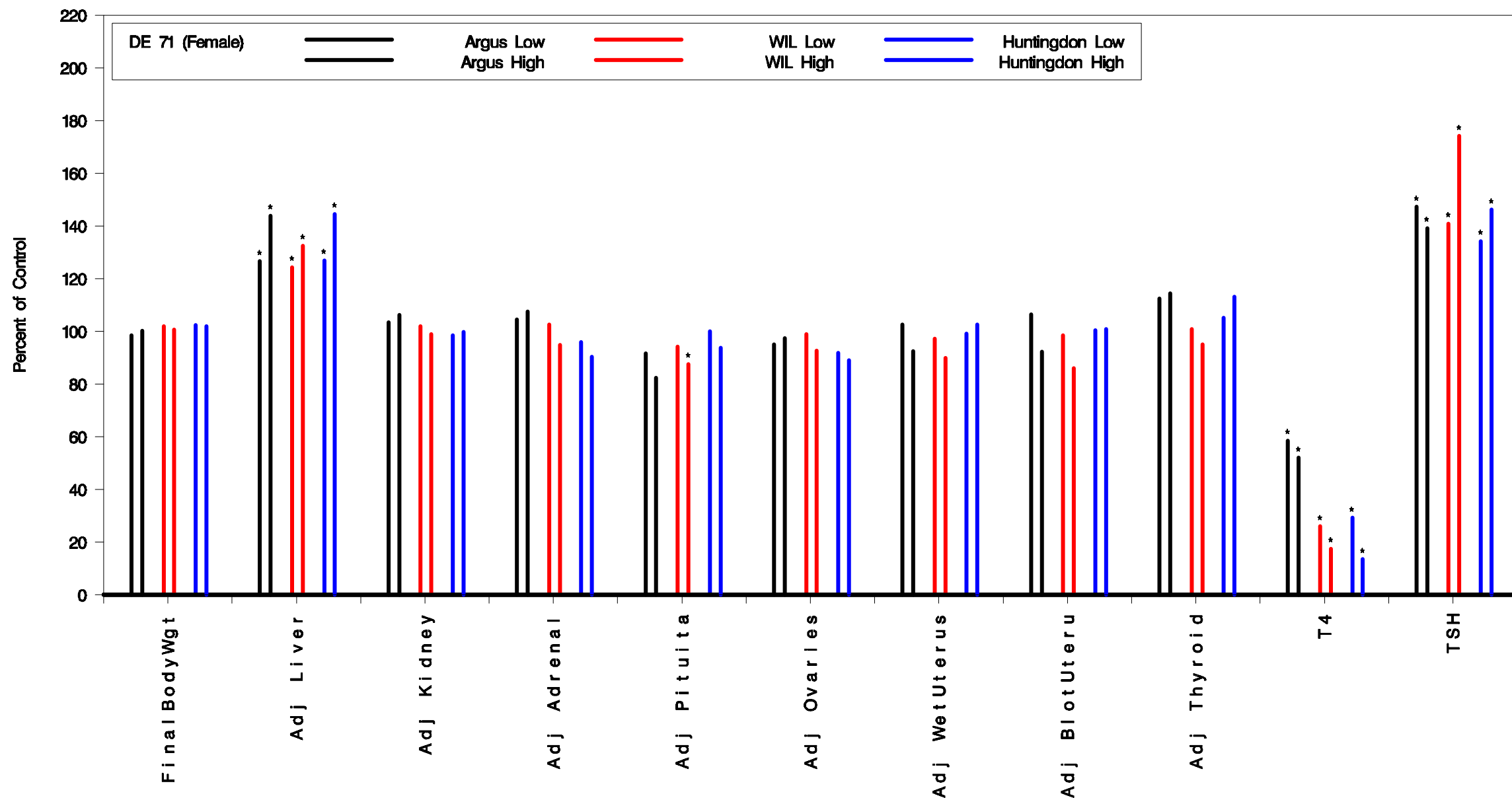


Figure C-5. Female Pubertal Assay Percent of Controls for DE-71 versus Endpoints By Dose Level within each Laboratory. The Low is 30 mg/kg/day and the High is 60 mg/kg/day (Significant Differences from Vehicle Controls at the 0.05 Level are Marked by “*”).

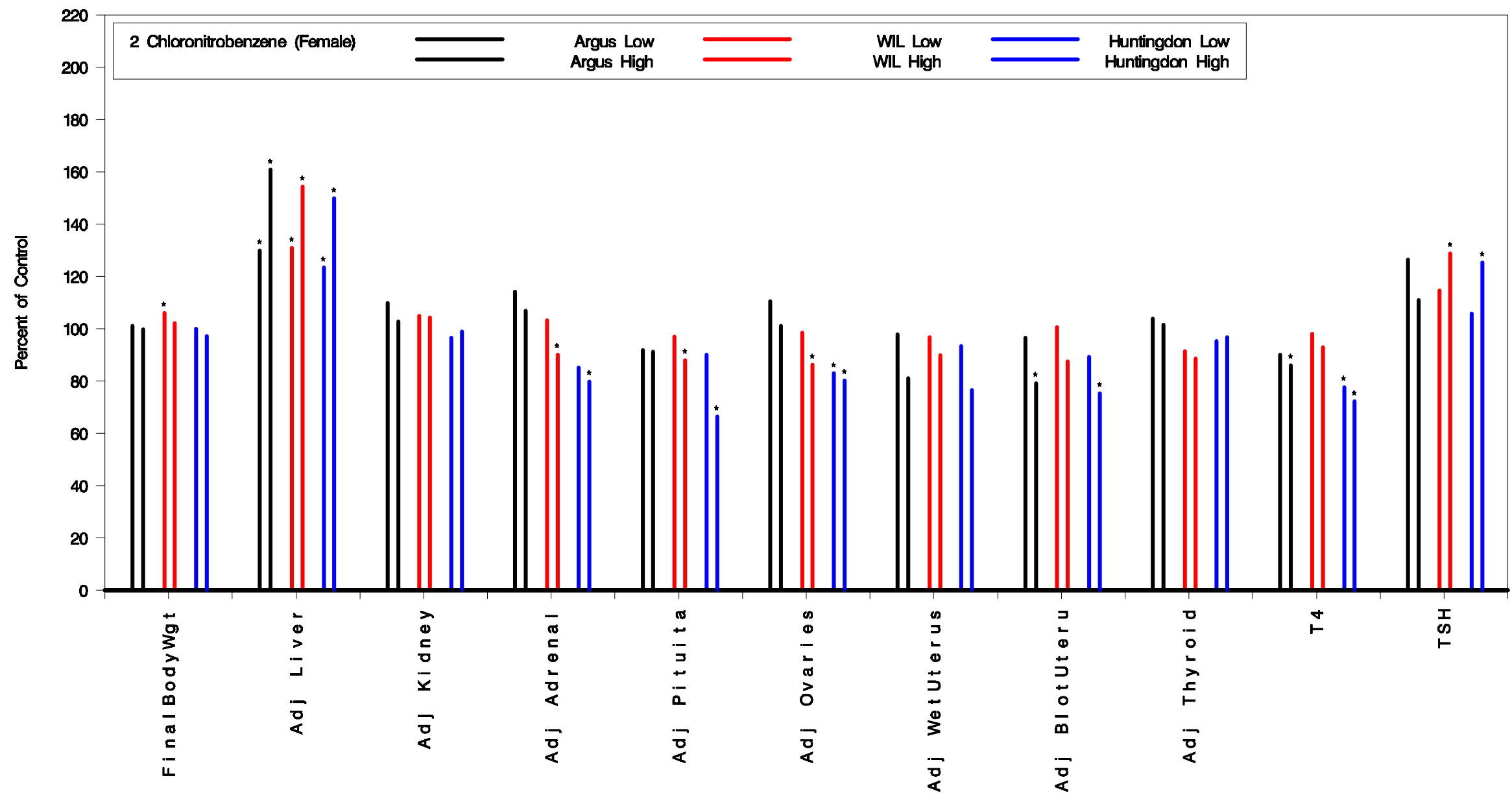


Figure C-6. Female Pubertal Assay Percent of Controls for 2-Chloronitrobenzene versus Endpoints By Dose Level within each Laboratory. The Low is 25 mg/kg/day and the High is 100 mg/kg/day (Significant Differences from Vehicle Controls at the 0.05 Level are Marked by “*”).

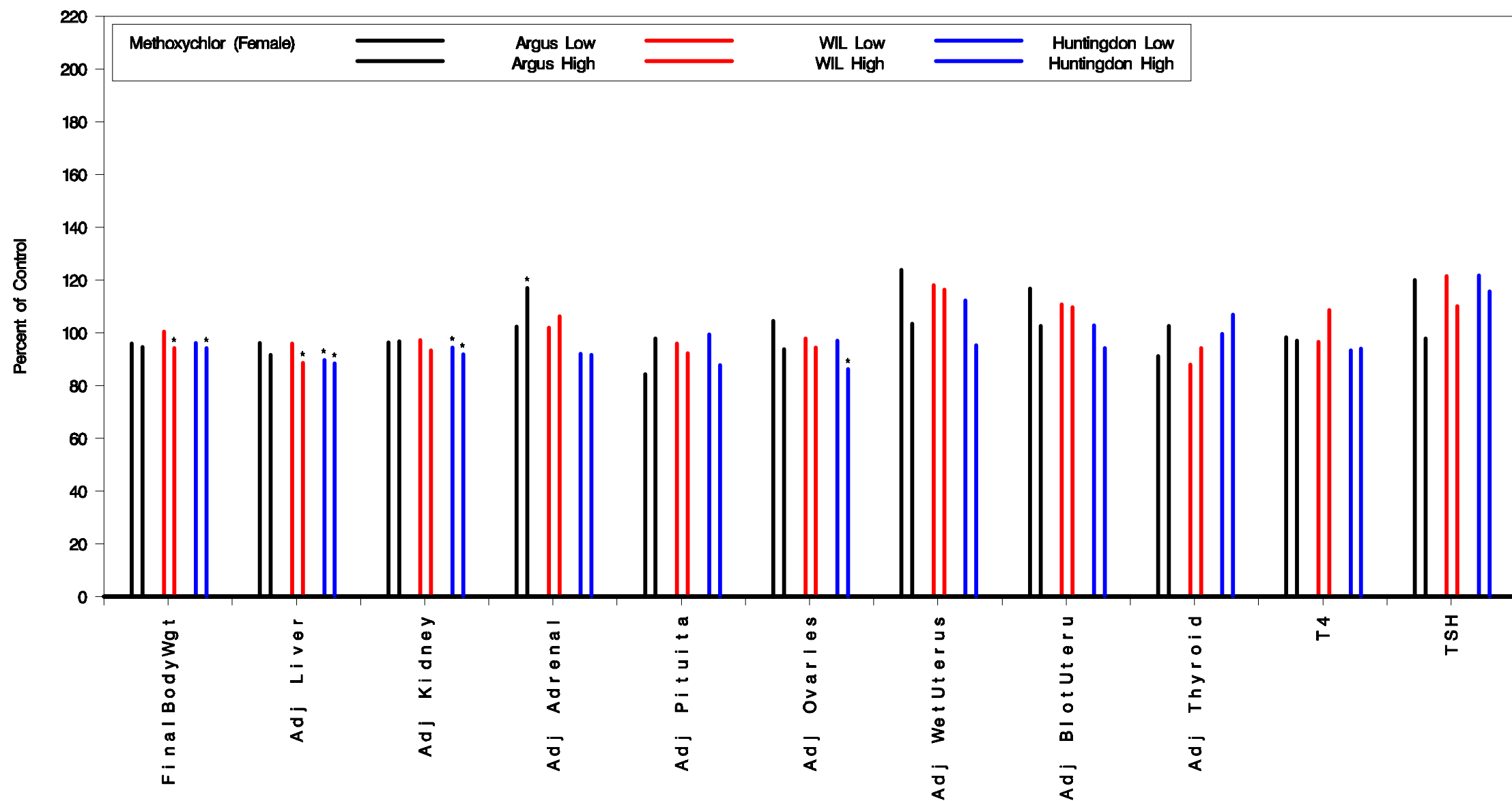


Figure C-7. Female Pubertal Assay Percent of Controls for Methoxychlor versus Endpoints By Dose Level within each Laboratory. The Low is 25 mg/kg/day and the High is 100 mg/kg/day (Significant Differences from Vehicle Controls at the 0.05 Level are Marked by “*”).